



ALEXANDRIA.

SATURDAY EVENING, JANUARY 12.

IN REFERENCE to the late change in the ownership of the Washington Post, the Birmingham News says:

"Some sensible, bright fellow, like the editor of the Alexandria GAZETTE, will substitute, for the Post, a sound organ of the democratic party, and the Post, however keen its intelligence and vivacious its paragraphs, as edited by Mr. Hatton, will not be accepted by the people of Washington."

How the people of Washington may accept the Post under Mr. Hatton's management is of course unknown to the GAZETTE. Mr. Hatton, however, though a pronounced republican and a great Mahonite, is unquestionably a sprightly writer and a well equipped and wide awake editor. But, as the GAZETTE recently remarked in respect of a similar paragraph in the New York Star, it has about as much as any one newspaper can do to keep the democrats of Virginia in line, and prevent them from forgetting the principles and policies that made their party powerful, and by sticking to which is the only means by which they can ever have a reasonable hope of regaining possession of the government. No, the GAZETTE is much obliged for the compliment paid it by the News, but its lot was cast in Alexandria nearly a century ago, and its fate is bound up with that of the old city, whose people are its people, and upon whom its fortune its own depends.

It is reported that at the late meeting of the State democratic committee a statement prepared in the auditor's office, of the amount of coupons that had been received for State debts, was read, and that the amount reported was so large as to be "astounding to nearly all and startling to many." And yet there are people, generally supposed to be intelligent, who continue to say that the State debt is settled, and that if it is not, it never will be settled on more favorable terms to the creditors. The debt is not settled, and, what's more, it never will be until the creditors, who hold the State's notes, shall be satisfied with the settlement. If such a settlement could be effected by an extra session of the legislature, nobody interested in the State's welfare would object to such a session, no matter what its expense might be.

Mr. IVINS, city chamberlain of New York, says this republic is a failure, and that such has been the fate of all that have preceded it. The richest citizens, he says, are the strongest, and that the strongest rule instead of the best. "I have never," he says "seen an honest man in public life. I have never seen a careful student who believed that the people could govern themselves. We are ruled by politicians, of whom we are the dupes." This is certainly plain talk and is therefore highly objectionable to some of the subjects thereof; but it must be confessed that experience tends in no small degree to corroborate its entire truth.

COL. DUNLAP, who is afraid to go to Indiana lest he be arrested for bribing voters in "blocks of five," has sufficient influence with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to have his son appointed to a position in the engineer department of the District government. The Chief of the District Commissioners is Mr. Webb, a republican appointee of Mr. Cleveland's, who telegraphed his congratulations to Mr. Harrison on the day after the Presidential election. And yet some people wonder how it was that thirty thousand more New York democrats voted for Governor Hill than for President Cleveland.

THE PROCEEDINGS of the meeting of the State democratic committee prove that the rumor to the effect that that committee, as a committee, would make a recommendation for the call of an extra session of the legislature, was, as hoped, and expected, by all well wishers of the democratic party, without the slightest foundation. Such a recommendation would not only have exhibited an abnormal development of reckless presumptuousness in them, but would also have been a direct and gratuitous insult to the Governor, who is the executive officer of Virginia, not of the democratic party of the State.

From Washington.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.] WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12, 1889.

Ex-Congressman J. Ran. Tucker, of Virginia, was at the Capitol to day. He has just returned from a somewhat prolonged, but very agreeable pleasure trip to the Gulf States, during which he delivered addresses to the bar associations at Montgomery, Ala., and Jackson, Miss., and to the House of Delegates of Georgia. Mr. Tucker says the people of the section he is just from were happy until the recent Presidential election, but that the negro question now hangs like a pall over them, and that they dread the action of the incoming administration and of the new Congress upon that question. Mr. Tucker says the election bill recently introduced by Senator Sherman indicates, he is afraid, an intention on the part of the republicans to attempt an interference with the peculiar affairs of the Southern States, and that such an interference can hardly be otherwise than disastrous.

The dead lock in the House was broken to day. Mr. Weaver was very desirous that it should be, and to the democrats who went to him on the subject, said he would gladly accept any sort of a compromise. It was therefore agreed that the rule providing for adjournment at 5 p. m. should be abolished, which would of course give more time to legislation, and that the democrats of the House would not object to his having a reasonable time for the consideration of his Ok-

lahoma bill. When the House met to day Mr. Randall introduced a resolution abolishing the rule for daily adjournment at 5 p. m. This would have received the support of every democratic member, but the republicans objected and had it referred to the Committee on Rules, which will not meet until Monday. The proceedings of the House then went on as usual. Mr. Weaver saying he would refrain from filibustering until the fate of Mr. Randall's resolution should be decided. The one of any future dead lock has thus been transferred from the democratic to the republican side of the House.

Judge Sener, as chairman of the Board of Trustees of the proposed Washington Masonic Memorial Temple at Fredericksburg, who addressed the Washington Lodge of Alexandria night before last in behalf of that Temple, is very much gratified at the fact that the lodge referred to subscribed \$100, to be paid in four annual instalments.

Mr. Speaker Carlisle to day appointed the House members of the conference committee on the Nicaragua canal bill. It is said that all of them are in favor of receding from the House amendments, which prevented the bill from being, what General Spaulding called it, a stock jobbing concern, and of accepting it as it came from the Senate.

If any answer has as yet been received to the letter Senator Sherman wrote to the Secretary of the Treasury in respect of the direct land tax bill, the sub-committee of the Senate finance committee, to whom that bill was referred, have not been informed thereof, so that committee, who are waiting for it, have not as yet been able to make a report to the whole committee.

Among the petitions presented in the Senate to day was one by Mr. Faulkner, of West Virginia, from Mrs. Henrietta B. Lee, of Jefferson county, asking for such recompense as the government may be disposed to make for the destruction of her house in 1864 by federal soldiers under command of her relative, General Hunter.

Representative Browne, of Virginia, received a letter from Secretary Vilas yesterday to the effect that as long as he, Vilas, remains at the head of the Interior Department, no officer of the Mexican army who served in the Confederate army shall receive a pension. And this, too, it must be remembered, though the legal officer of his own department, the laws of Congress and a decision of the U. S. Supreme Court all agree that such officers are entitled to pensions.

Senator-elect Barbour and Governor Lee arrived here last night from Richmond and had a conference here to day. Mr. Barbour says the Virginia democratic committee, at its late meeting, did not appoint a committee to call upon the Governor with reference to an extra session of the legislature, as reported in some of the newspapers; that it did appoint a committee to attend to some political affairs, but made no member of the legislature a member of that committee. He says that from what he heard he is inclined to think a majority of the State Committee see no urgent necessity for an extra session of the legislature, and that an analysis of the vote of the State at the last election shows that a similar vote next fall could give the democrats a majority of eight in the House of Delegates and five in the Senate. He says he doesn't know why there should be an extra session, and that he believes Governor Lee has as yet been informed of nothing that will induce him to call one.

The Mahone delegation that started from here for Indianapolis day before yesterday took with them a letter from Fred Douglas to the effect that the negroes did not think the time had yet come for them to be represented by one of their own race in the Cabinet, and that they would be satisfied if General Mahone be appointed. The delegation also took with them an endorsement of the North Carolina republicans. They tried to obtain letters from Senators Sherman, Plumb, Cameron, Quay and others. It is understood that Mr. Quay positively refused, and that Mr. Cameron, though a great personal friend of the General, is so unfriendly to Mr. Harrison that he did not think a recommendation from him would be in good taste. It is said that Mr. Plumb also declined. Whether Mr. Sherman complied with the request is not known. That the Mahonites are to make a dead set up on Mr. Harrison is apparent. As soon as the delegation referred to shall return it will be followed in rotation, and with the same object by delegations appointed by the conference of Southern republicans, by the Southern members of Congress, by the republican Presidential electors of Virginia, and by the negroes of Virginia. The anti-Mahonites say the Mahonites are overdoing their work, and that all of it will amount to nothing.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Ex-Congressman O. P. Singleton, of Mississippi, died in Washington yesterday evening.

Over 75,000 boxes of oranges will be shipped from De Land Station, Fla., this season.

The democratic legislative caucus of Tennessee last night renominated Senator Harris.

Mr. John Wright, seventy-five years of age, a prominent citizen of Pike county, Ga., claims to have been suddenly cured of blindness by prayer.

William O'Connor has accepted Gaudaur's challenge offering to row him three miles for \$1,000 a side at San Francisco about the 1st of next March.

It is said that the financial affairs of Plymouth Church are in a critical condition and there are indications of great difficulty in meeting the current expenses.

The Kinn-bee river is open for navigation from Augusta to the sea, the ice having gone out last night. Not a pound of ice has been harvested up to this time.

The republicans in the House of Representatives deny that they are pleased over the deadlock, and they also deny that they are desirous of assisting in bringing about an extra session, which they say they do not want.

In the United States Senate, yesterday, after a long debate, the free fresh fish paragraph of the tariff bill was struck out, leaving all fresh fish under the duty fixed in another part of the bill—a half cent per pound. In the House the deadlock continued.

Secretary and Mrs. Whitney gave the first of a series of very large and elegant card receptions last night. The hall room was decked with plants and flowers, and the supper was lavish in supply and exquisite in quality. Several hundred people were present.

The funeral of Owen Brown, son of John Brown, of Ossawatimie, and last survivor of the Harper's Ferry affair, occurred at Pasadena, Cal., yesterday. The dead man had for a number of years passed the life of a hermit on a remote summit of the Sierra Madre mountains, known as Brow Peak. He was 74 years old.

A. B. Stearns, who has been transferred from Boston, has taken charge of the printer's office in New York, relieving Lewis McMullin, removed. Mr. Stearns says the government has been robbed of millions of dollars. The irregularities date back for probably fifteen years, and have been confined principally to the appropriation of cigars, dry goods, drugs, and tobacco.

No Extra Session.

The democratic State executive and central committees in Richmond yesterday decided it best not to take any steps toward recommending an extra session of the Legislature. The sub-committee appointed on Thursday night to consider an order of business, after a conference with Gov. Lee, reported to the committee that they saw no occasion to recommend an extra session. One of the strongest reasons urged for an extra session was a paper prepared by the financial officers of the Commonwealth showing the amount of coupons tendered for taxes last year. This showed that during 1888 \$268,000 in coupons had been offered for taxes, or forty per cent. of the whole amount of coupons tendered since the passage of the Riddleberger bill. It was contended, though, that this was somewhat misleading, as many of the coupons attributed to last year had lapped over from preceding years on account of litigation.

Hon. John W. Daniel reviewed the whole situation and opposed an extra session. He said there was no good reason why one should be called and many why it should not be called. All that the democrats needed in this year's fight, said Mr. Daniel, is to put their shoulders to the wheel and work.

Messrs. S. F. Coleman, Samuel W. Williams, Basil Gordon, J. T. Coleman and R. H. Cardwell spoke in advocacy of an extra session. Some of these gentlemen took the ground that the election laws should be amended, but the overwhelming sentiment of the committee appeared to be adverse to tinkering with the present election laws. Several of the speakers, including Mr. Hamilton, of Petersburg, declared that the present laws were as good as any that could be enacted. He said that any change of the present coupon statute might lose the democrats 500 votes in Petersburg.

The Attorney General admitted that a contingency might arise which would call for an extra session, but, as at present advised, such a contingency did not now exist.

When waited upon before the meeting, the Governor said that if any good reason can be presented to him that will justify him in so doing he is ready to call the Legislature together; unless some such necessity is shown to exist, he will of course not take any steps in the premises.

A letter was read to the committee from ex-Congressman Abram Fulkerson, of Washington county, in which he strongly opposed an extra session. He said that if one was called it might agitate subjects which would probably embarrass the democrats, especially in the Southwest.

The subject of an extra session was disposed of by laying that portion of the report of the sub-committee on the table.

The committee authorized the executive committee to call the State convention to nominate Governor, Lieut. Governor and other general officers to meet in Richmond at such time in July next as they may determine. The basis of representation of this body will give it 1,520 members, the largest convention that ever assembled in Virginia.

The recommendation of the sub-committee for the employment of a permanent secretary, to be located at Richmond, and paid a salary of \$3,000 a year, was referred to the central committee.

Secretary Scott, of the House of Representatives, stated that he could do so with perfect propriety, as he would leave the committee with the chairman at the next convention.

Mr. Barbour said he would be glad to see a secretary employed if the money could be secured. He would sign a bond for \$100,000 to the fund with \$100, and Mr. Daniel said he would gladly give the same amount.

After debate on motion of Senator Heaton it was decided not to determine the question now, but to leave it to the State central committee to be passed upon at some future meeting.

Should the office be made as proposed, beside the Secretary of the House of Representatives, is spoken of for the position.

West Virginia Affairs.

There has been no solution of the Senatorial deadlock yet, and the republicans still continue their revolutionary tactics. With a clear majority in the Senate, they refuse to organize it or allow the democrats to do so. There is no prospect that the situation will be mended soon. Both parties are determined, but the democrats hold the key to the situation. If an organization of the Senate is not made before the session expires neither Goff nor Fleming can be declared elected Governor, and the democratic Speaker of the House will become Governor. They are all ready to wait until the republicans are ready to surrender, for it must come to that before many days. When it does the Senate will be organized, the houses will meet in joint session, and the illegal returns from Kanawha county will not be considered in the canvass of the vote, if one is made. This is the point Judge Fleming's counsel and friends are fighting for and they are bound to gain it. A proposal to compromise was made by Goff's attorneys yesterday, but was refused pending the argument of the injunction against the counting of the Kanawha votes. This came off in the Supreme Court yesterday, and will be continued to day. A decision is not expected for a week.

The fight for the democratic nomination for Senator has begun to warm up. Senator Kenna and Governor Wilson are active candidates, and ex-Senator Frank Hereford is also an aspirant.

MAHONE AND THE CABINET.—W. S. Lurty, of Harrisonburg, arrived at Indianapolis yesterday evening. He was the vanguard of the Virginia delegation to urge the name of Mahone as a Cabinet officer. The delegation arrived at 11 o'clock last night and presented the claims of Gen. Mahone for a Cabinet position. They carried with them the endorsement of Mahone by a majority of the republican members of the General Assembly of Virginia. Mr. Lurty said the committee would urge upon the President-elect the policy and propriety of appointing Gen. Mahone to a Cabinet portfolio. On being asked which one of the secretaries would be asked for or the most agreeable, he answered that he did not know that it would make any difference. They were indifferent as to the particular portfolio. The main object was to present Mahone's claims and secure a position for him in the Cabinet.

Gen. Mahone, who went to Raleigh, N. C., a few days ago, nominally on business, through his friend, W. P. Casaday, sergeant-at-arms of the United States Senate, secured the endorsement of the republicans of the legislature of that State for a Cabinet position, to the great surprise and disgust of some North Carolina republicans.

"Oh speak, ye ghost of the dead, and say what killed you?" The answer came borne on the breeze east wind: "Cold! cold! cold!" Then let us be thankful that since then we have Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

WILL YOU SUFFER WITH Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint? Sufferer's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Bro.

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured by Siles's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by E. S. Leadbeater & Bro.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Proceedings of Congress.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 12.
SENATE.

After the usual routine morning business the Senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill.

HOUSE.
The journal of yesterday's proceedings was read without any obstacle being interposed by Mr. Weaver, of Iowa.

The Speaker presented various executive documents for appropriate reference.

The Speaker also laid before the House a House bill with Senate amendments authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to distribute one set of official reports of the decisions of the United States Supreme Court to each of the places where circuit and district courts are regularly held. The bill was referred.

The Speaker appointed Mr. Clardy, of Missouri, Mr. Rayner, of Maryland, and Mr. O'Neil, of Pennsylvania, conferees on the Nicaragua Canal bill.

The House determined—yeas 141, nays 68—to consider the pension bill, which, after a brief debate, was passed.

A Murder Mystery Explained.

WICHITA, Kan., Jan. 12.—A cattle man, J. W. Cook, came here from Indian Territory a few days ago and related the particulars of the finding of an old book which heshowed. It was partly intelligible and appeared to be a sort of diary. On one of the pages was given a full account of the murder of Jacob Baughman, an old man living alone 11 miles southwest of Zanesville, Ohio, in the fall of 1883.

The deed was apparently done by the writer and two accomplices for \$1,000. Mr. Cook said the book was found under some stones on the floor or a dugout on the bank of the Canadian river in Indian Territory, into which he and a company of men had pursued two horse thieves. Rather than surrender, they had fought until one was killed and the other mortally wounded. The latter died before it could be discovered who was the owner of the book. Yesterday the circumstances were related to J. W. Baughman, of this city, who said the murdered man was his uncle, and that the statements made in the diary were corroborated by evidences discovered after the crime. No one has ever been punished for the murder and this is the first light ever thrown upon it.

He intends using this newly-discovered evidence to avenge the murder of his uncle if the perpetrators of the crime are still alive. It is believed, however, that one of them was the horse thief killed.

House Blown Up.

WHEELING, W. VA., Jan. 12.—At Benwood, a suburb of this city, yesterday, a building was blown up by gunpowder and its occupants seriously injured. The house had been unoccupied and was one story high. Two boys, John Long and William Voight, aged about 12 years, entered and kindled a fire in a grate, before which they sat down. About ten minutes later a heavy object rattled down the chimneys. As the boys leaned forward to learn what it was, a terrible explosion occurred, which wrecked the house and threw the boys a considerable distance. Voight lost both eyes and is otherwise badly hurt, and Long had the flesh torn from his face in a horrible manner. Both of them will probably die. It is unknown how the powder was placed there.

Boulanger's Manifesto.

PARIS, Jan. 12.—Gen. Boulanger has issued another manifesto to the electors of the Department of the Seine, his object being to reply to the placard recently issued by his opponents in which occur the words, "Let there be no Sedan." Gen. Boulanger in the manifesto declares that France need have no fear of another Sedan because, while earnestly desirous of peace, she is also strong enough to defend herself against provocations as well as to endure the assaults with which she is threatened.

A Revolutionary Move Frustrated.
PARIS, Jan. 12.—It is reported that Senator Zorilla left here last Wednesday for England and that he had secured two vessels in which he and a number of his followers intend to proceed from the Thames to some point in Spain where it was their intention to raise a revolt against the government. The authorities at Madrid were advised of the movement and immediately took steps to frustrate the attempt of the revolutionists.

Jackson and Smith.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 12.—Jen Smith has challenged Peter Jackson for a fight under London prize ring rules, stakes to be \$500 or £1,000 a side, the fight to be in France or Spain. Jackson says if Smith wants to meet him he will have to come to California, as he will fight nowhere but in California; and that his mind is not yet made up whether he will meet Smith under any circumstances.

Mr. Walker Blaine Breaks His Leg.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—Last evening as Mr. Walker Blaine was alighting from a cab at the Hotel Normandie, he fell and broke both bones of his right leg about three inches above the ankle. Doctors Lincoln and Mcgruder were immediately called and set the leg and put it in a plaster case. Mr. Blaine passed a somewhat restless night but is doing well this morning.

Attempt to Blow up a Palace.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—An attempt has been made to blow up the palace of the Archbishop of Valencia. The weapon used was a dynamite petard. The damage caused by the explosion was trivial.

The King of the Netherlands.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 12.—The King of the Netherlands has suffered a relapse and is now considered to be in a dangerous condition.

Revenue Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 12.—The receipts from internal revenue to day were \$178,659, and from customs \$630,361.

Killed by an Explosion.

MONTROSE, Col., Jan. 12.—James Crowley and Will Madden, while blasting on the San Miguel river, 75 miles from here, yesterday, accidentally exploded a giant cap, which set fire to and exploded 16 sticks of giant powder. Both men were instantly killed.

Steamer Wrecked.

MADRID, Jan. 12.—A large steamer has been wrecked off the Islands of Salsarga, a group 25 miles northwest of Corunna. It is supposed that one hundred persons were drowned. Thirty survivors have arrived at Corunna.

Paralyzed.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Jan. 12.—Rev. Frederick H. Knapp, Secretary of the Sanitary Commission during the late war, was stricken with paralysis at his home this morning. He was formerly pastor of the Parish Unitarian church here.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Many Northern men are prospecting for land around Norfolk.

The Farmers' assembly of Virginia will meet at Richmond on Tuesday.

A company has been formed with the purpose of erecting a 200 ton iron furnace at Green Forest, Rockbridge county.

There is no crossing the Potomac at Edward's Ferry now, as the boat has been taken out of the river for the winter.

Mr. A. B. Cottrell, a well-known and popular citizen of Henrico county, who once represented that county in the legislature, died on Wednesday of malarial fever.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the democratic council committee of Richmond, a clean sweep was made yesterday of all the republicans employed in building the City Hall. The same course is to be pursued in all of the city departments.

The board of supervisors of Accomac county have appropriated \$200 to pay State Chemist Taylor to analyze the contents of the stomach of the late Wm J. Taylor, who is supposed to have been poisoned by his wife. Mrs. Taylor has been indicted by the grand jury and is in the county jail.

John Cephas Johnson, colored, was hanged at Warsaw, Richmond county yesterday. A large crowd had assembled to witness the execution, but Sheriff Garland erected the scaffold on the inside of the jail. But few persons saw the hanging. The crime for which Johnson was hanged was an assault upon the person of Miss Alice Wilson, a respectable white woman, on the night of October 14. Johnson made a confession a few days after he was convicted. This was the first hanging in the county for thirty years.

The calendar issued by N. W. Ayer & Son, Advertising Agents, Philadelphia, while combining beauty of color and finish, is also as plain that the various dates can be read with ease. For a noting house or home it has not been surpassed, if equal. On receipt of twenty five cents they will forward their calendar securely enclosed and postpaid to any address.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY—Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company and also against Shenandoah Valley Railroad Company and also. Argued by Charles L. Lamberton, esq., for appellant.

Some of the faculty of Randolph-Macon College are trying to get the English holders of Virginia bonds to make another offer of compromise.

The Foinoke grand jury has submitted a report criticizing the officers of that city.

Salvation Oil is the greatest pain destroyer of any age or clime. For the cure of neuralgia, rheumatism, and wounds occasioned by accidents, such as cuts, bruises, sprains, burns, and frostbites it has no equal. Price only 25 cents a bottle.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MECHANICS' BUILDING ASSOCIATION OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.
Statement of Liabilities and Assets to Jan. 1, 1889.

LIABILITIES.

Due on stock \$59,875 73
Bills payable 800 00
Undivided profits 3,851 18

\$64,526 91

ASSETS.

Loan \$62,553 34
Interest due 588 50
Due by Mechanics' Building Association No. 2 236 93
Insurance paid 14 10
Balance in hands of Treasurer 1,137 04

\$64,526 91

Number of shares outstanding, 913.
Value of each paid up share, \$72.95.
LEONARD MARRBURY, Secretary.
HENRY STRAUSS, President.

City of Alexandria, to wit:
On this 12th day of January, 1889, before me, A. W. Armstrong, a Notary Public for the city aforesaid, in the State of Virginia, personally appeared Henry Strauss, President, and Leonard Marbury, Secretary of the Mechanics' Building Association of Alexandria, Va., and made oath in due form of law that the statement hereto annexed, to which their names are signed, is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.

Given under my hand and the year aforesaid.
A. W. ARMSTRONG,
Notary Public.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF MECHANICS' BUILDING ASSOCIATION NO. 2, OF ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.
Statement of Liabilities and Assets to January 1, 1889.

LIABILITIES.

Due on stock \$14,454 85
Bills payable 11,000 00
Due by Mechanics' Building Association No. 1 236 93
Due First National Bank 31
Unexpended account 51 25
Undivided profit 550 54

\$26,393 88

ASSETS.

Loans \$26,186 58
Interest due 194 50
Insurance paid 12 80

\$26,393 88

Number of shares outstanding, 1,283.
Value of each paid up share, \$12.40.
LEONARD MARRBURY, Secretary.
HENRY STRAUSS, President.

City of Alexandria, to wit:
On this 12th day of January, 1889, before me, A. W. Armstrong, a Notary Public for the city aforesaid, in the State of Virginia, personally appeared Henry Strauss, President, and Leonard Marbury, Secretary of the Mechanics' Building Association No. 2, of Alexandria, Virginia, and made oath in due form of law that the statement hereto annexed, to which their names are signed, is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.

Given under my hand and the year aforesaid.
A. W. ARMSTRONG,
Notary Public.

RED WARRIOR CHOPPING AXES AND AXE HANDLES, a full supply at 328 King street, corner of Royal. Wholesale and retail.

THE BEST CORSET ever offered in this market for 50c; made with elastic girth; protection backs of best Peppercorn Jeans. For sale by AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

A FULL LINE OF FANCY BASKETS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—First prices in the stock market this morning were generally slightly lower than those of last evening, but the growing confidence in the final favorable outcome of the recent meetings was felt immediately, and such declines as were exhibited were quickly wiped out, everything advancing in the early dealings. These advances were general, but were most marked in a few stocks, while the great majority of the list rose small fractions, extending to 1/4 percent. The animation was greater than usual of late at that time of day, and there was an active trading in the list. Toward 11 o'clock the advance ceased and the market quieted down to the usual proportions, and at the end of the day it was dull but firm, generally at the best prices reached. Money easy at 2.

NEW YORK, Jan. 12.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes:
Reserve, increase, \$7,149,000
Loans, decrease, 6,018,000
Specie, increase, 5,118,000
Legal tenders, increase, 2,409,000
Deposits, increase, 1,215,000
Circulation, increase, 12,000
The banks now hold in excess of the 25 per cent. rule 14,412,000.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—Virginia consols.—: past-due coupons —: d. 10-40s — bid. 3s 61/4-65 1/4 bid.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, Jan. 12.—The Flour markets are steady, with a good jobbing demand at current prices. Wheat is very quiet, and only choice samples can be quickly sold; dealers can not be persuaded to take damaged lots except at bottom figures, as they form such a large proportion of the offerings; sales at 68, 75, 80, 87, 93, 100 and 103, as to condition. Corn is firm at 40 to 45 for green mixed and new white, 35c to 54 to 57. Oats 32-34. Butter, Eggs and other produce are in good supply and without change.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 12.—Cotton firm; middling 9-13-16. Flour—trade good at unchanged prices. Wheat—Southern new and newly received. Fall and longberry 10-34-10; No. 2 Southern 10-14-10; Western wheat: No. 2 wintered red 9-34-93 1/2; Feb 93 1/2-94; March 93 1/2-94; April 93 1/2-94. Corn—Southern nominal; no arrivals. White 40-41; yellow 40-43; Western spot and futures firm; mixed spot and 40-41; Feb 41 1/2; March 42-42 1/2; May 45; steamer spot 3